

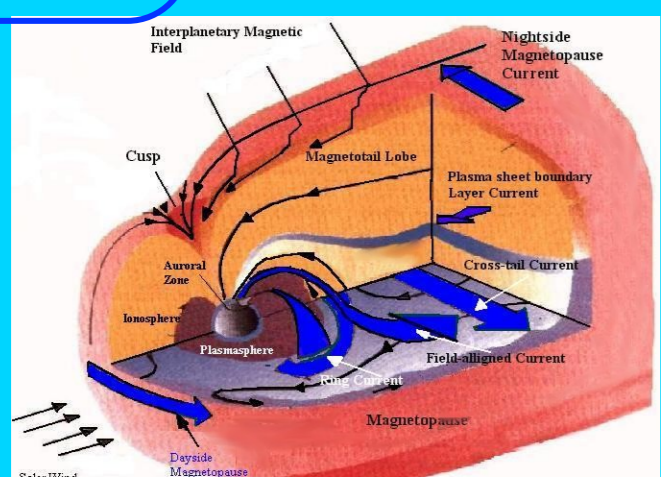
# NARMAX IDENTIFICATION FOR SPACE WEATHER PREDICTION USING MULTI-OBJECTIVE APPROACH

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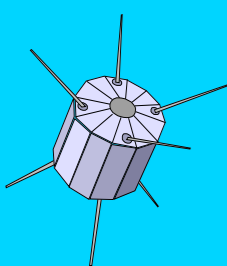
## Dynamical-information forecasting of geomagnetic indexes

Magnetosphere is considered as a nonlinear complex dynamical system

Kp,AE,Dst indexes



Dst is sought for as an output of a nonlinear dynamical "black-box"



Data are from OMNI2 database: <http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/omniweb/> and Kyoto WDC for Geomagnetism: <http://swdcdb.kugi.kyoto-u.ac.jp/>

## Mathematical models

The **Guaranteed NARMAX Model (GNM)** provides predictions of the Dst index. Its main advantage is that it delivers an increased prediction reliability in comparison to earlier SRI models.

**Guaranteed prediction** of geomagnetic indexes

## Algorithms and software

- Algorithms and software for optimal structure and parameters identification of mathematical models of ionizing radiation have been considered.
- Forecasting mathematical models of ionizing radiation by numerical methods has been tested

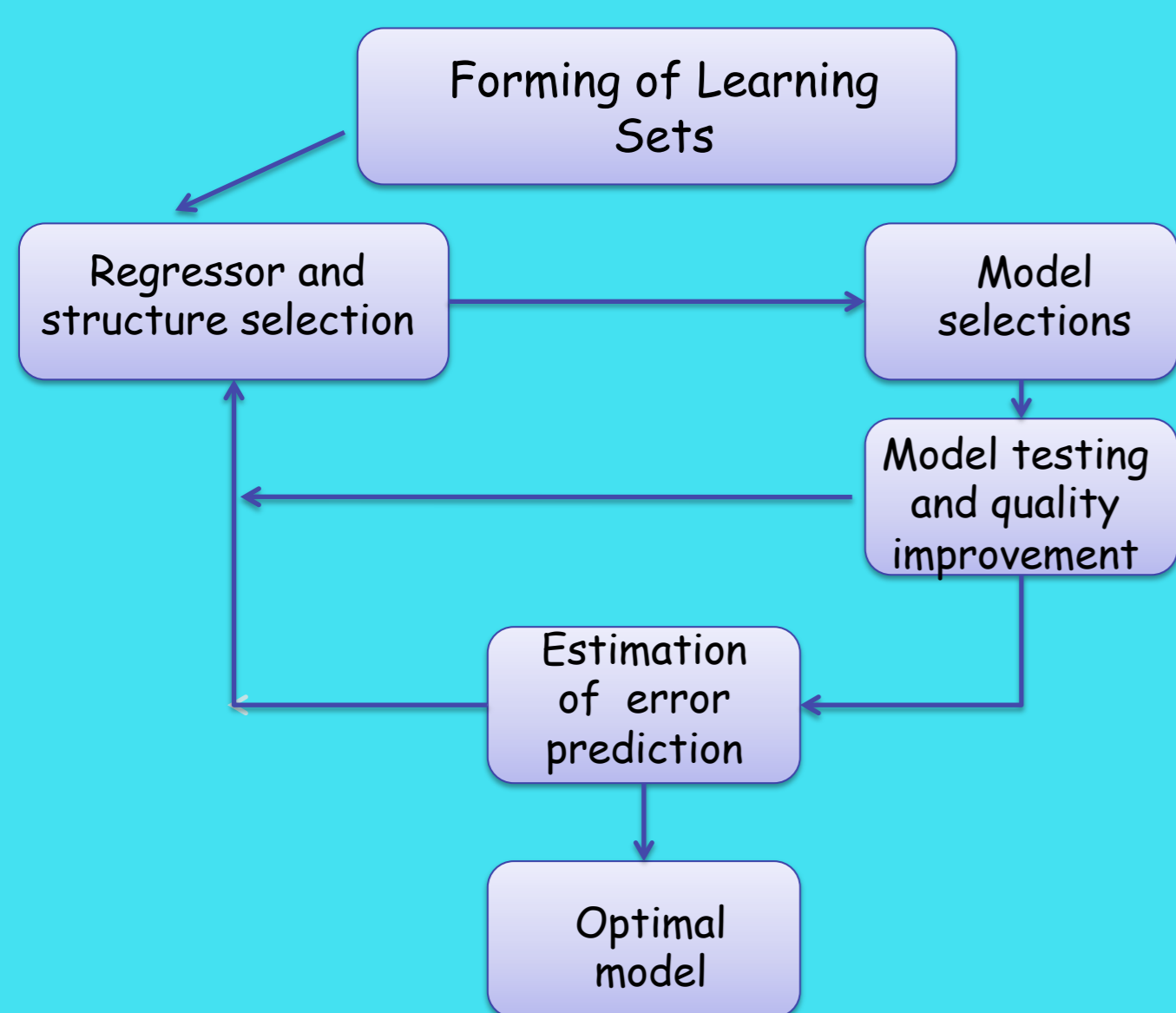


Fig. 1

## Risk analysis

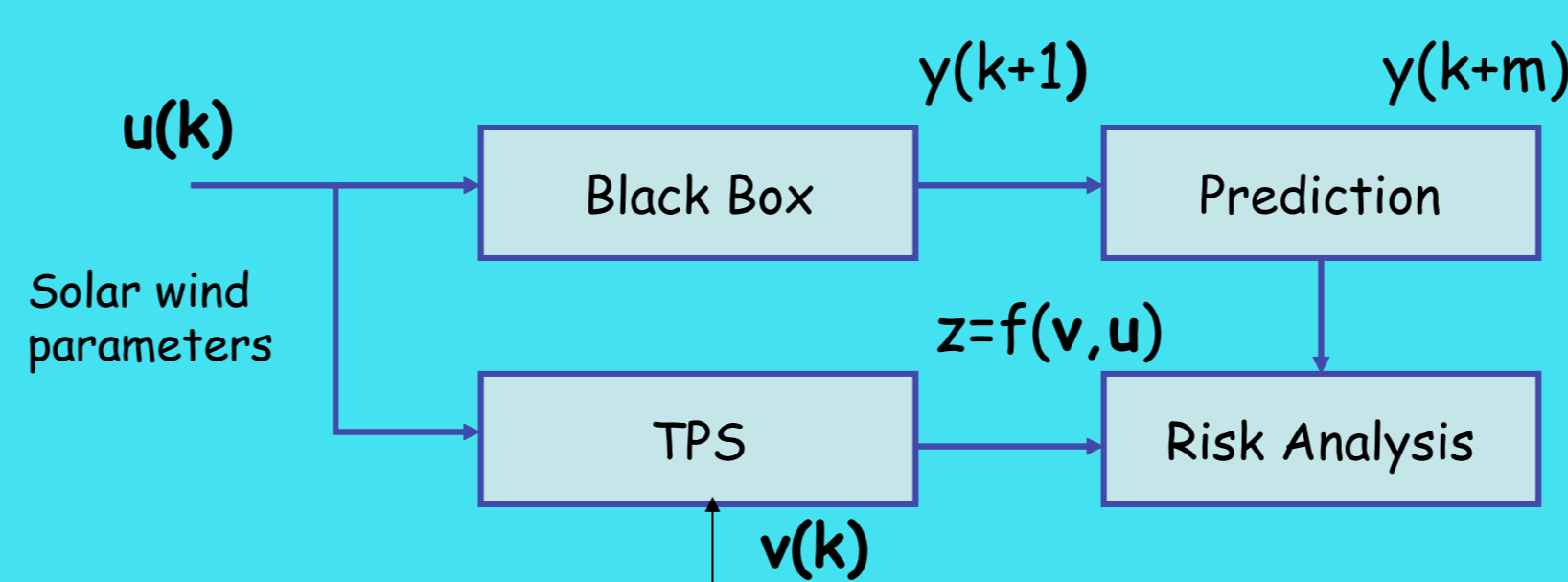


Fig. 2 Prediction and Risk Analysis

## Optimization problem with constraints on risk

Let  $z=f(v,u)$  be a loss function of a device depending upon the control vector  $v$  and a random vector  $u$ . The control vector  $v$  belongs to a feasible set  $V$ , satisfying imposed requirements. We assume that the random vector  $u$  has a probability density  $p(u)$ . We can define a function

$$\Phi_{\beta}(v, \beta) = (\alpha - \beta)^{-1} \int_{f(v,u) > \alpha} (f(v,u) - \alpha) p(u) du.$$

Optimization model

$$\min \mu(v)$$

$$v \in V, \Phi_{\beta}(x) \leq C_{\beta}, \Phi_{\gamma}(x) \leq C_{\gamma}.$$

## Hybrid energy storage system based on supercapacitors

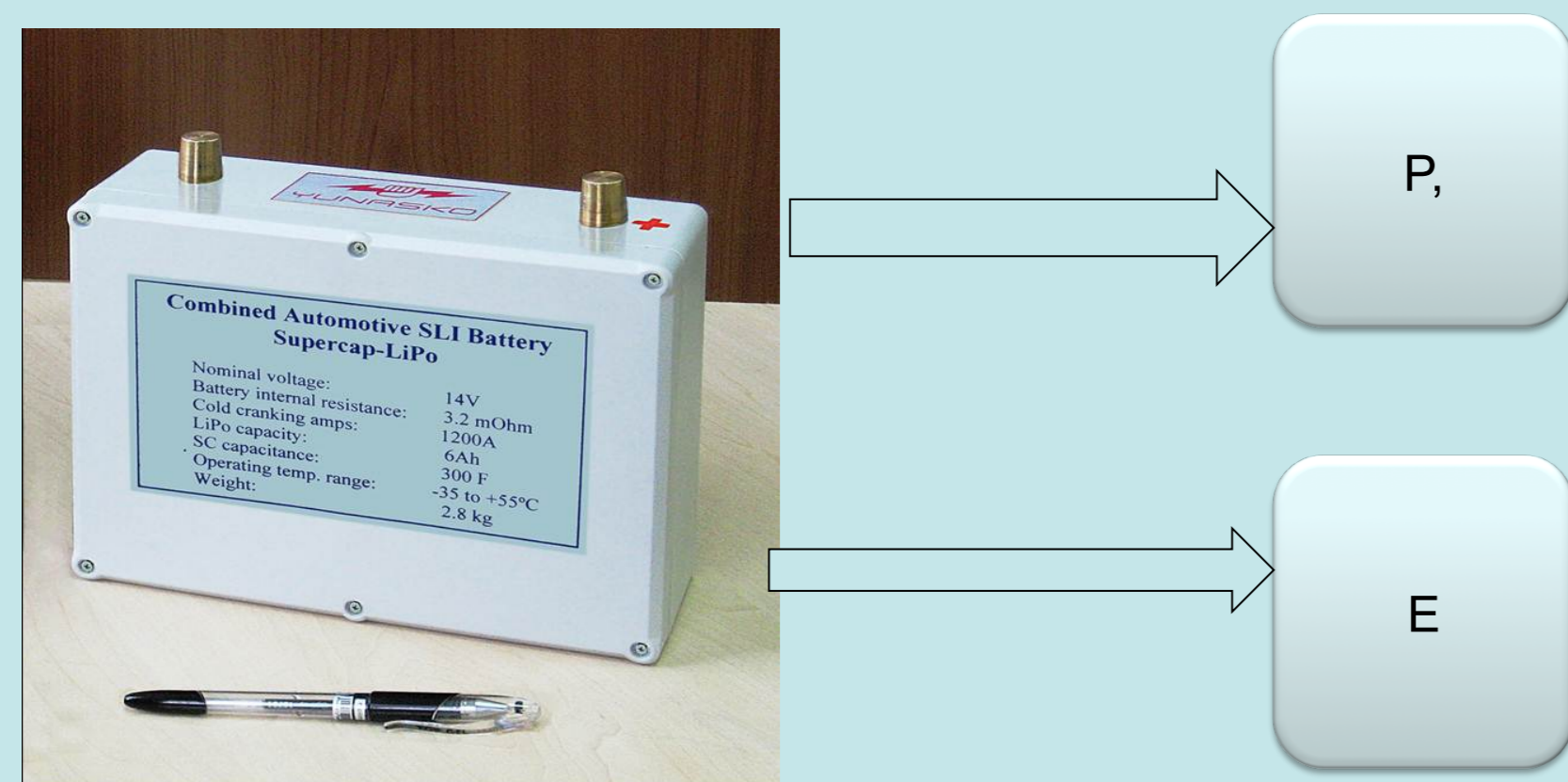


Fig. 3

## Voltage decreases of supercapacitors before and after $\gamma$ -irradiation

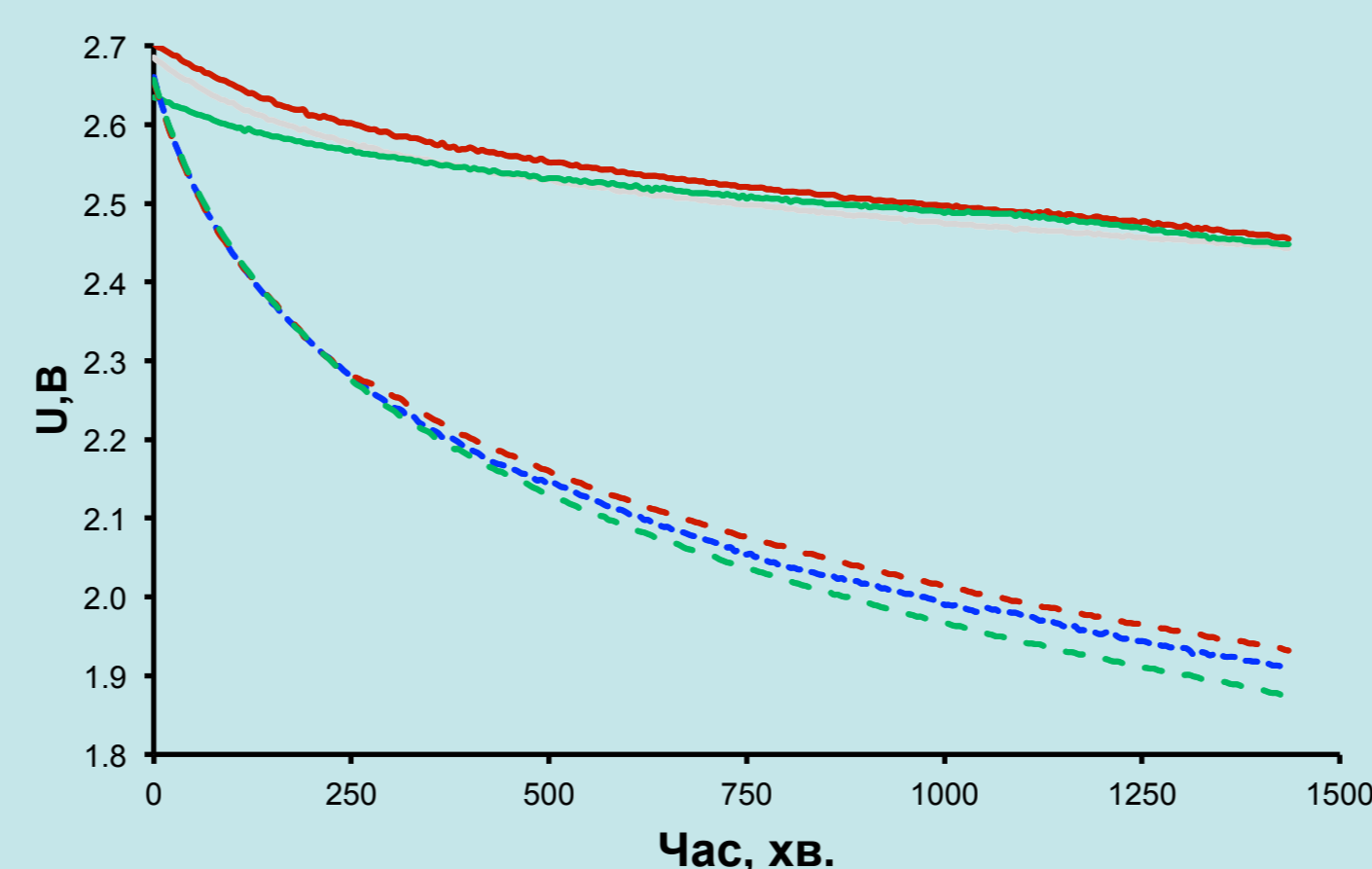


Fig. 4

## Output of the diode laser after irradiation by gamma radiation

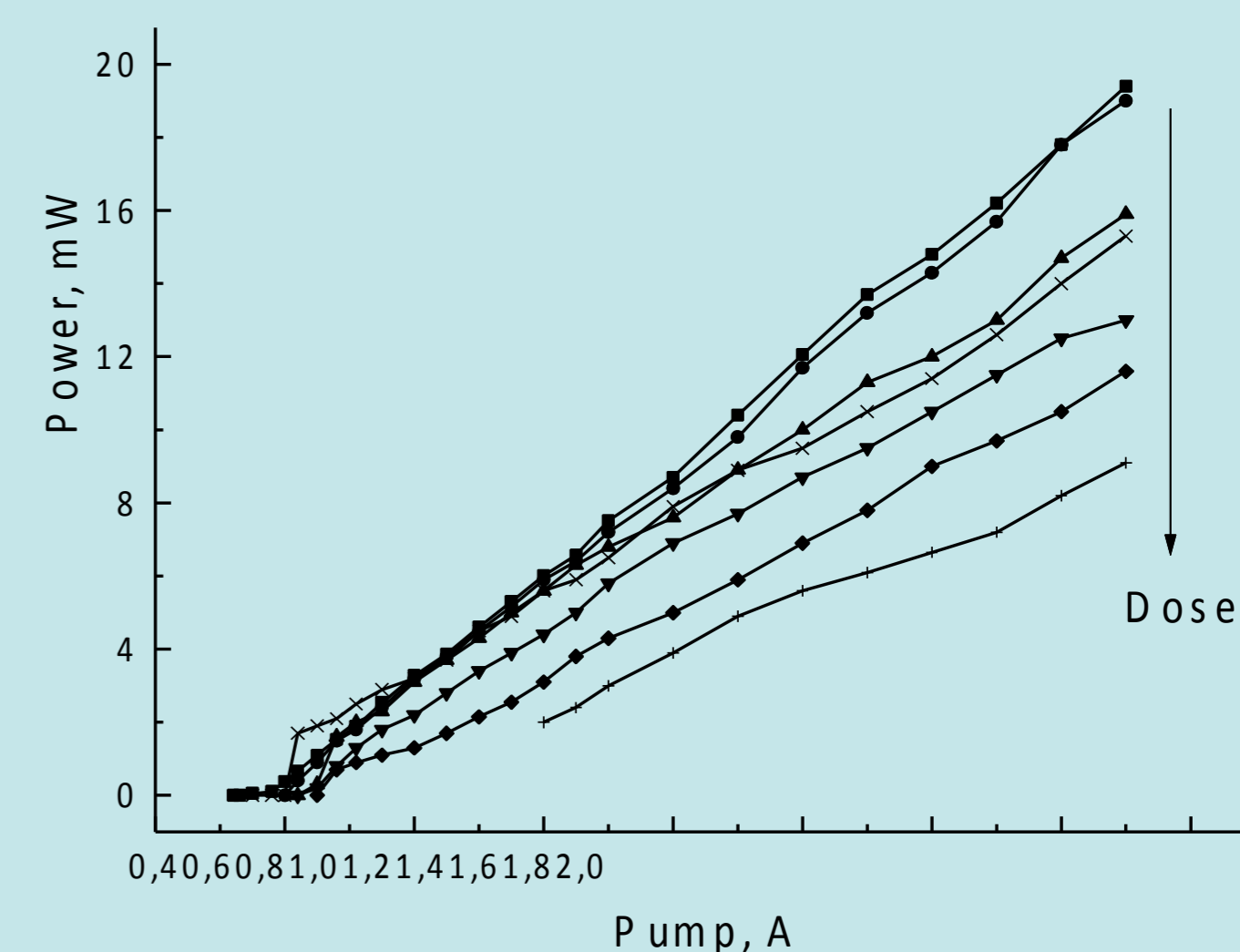


Fig. 5